

Ortmann-Ajkai, A., G. Csicsek, M. Lukács, F. Horváth (2015): Drivers of spontaneous dynamics in a floodplain Quercus robur forest ... Presentation at EVS 2014

Reference: Ortmann-Ajkai, A., G. Csicsek, M. Lukács, F. Horváth (2015): Drivers of spontaneous dynamics in a floodplain Quercus robur forest in the Pannonian ecoregion: field data support the Vera hypothesis. Presentation at EVS 2014

Short reference: Ortmann-Ajkai et al. (2014)

First author: Ortmann-Ajkai Adrienn

Year: 2014

Abstract:

- Our results suggest that the Vera hypothesis may be functioning also in Pannonian floodplain oak forests
- Closed Quercus robur forests are not natural
- Continuous forest cover management has to be reconsidered
- Alternative method(s) of close-to-nature silviculture have to be developed for floodplain oak forests

habitat: swamp and riverine forests

forest dynamic, gap dynamic, succession

forest ecology: game affect, browsing

forest structure: shrub layer

landscape ecology, land use, history

Location: ER Archívum - digitális

Típus: presentation

Strict forest reserves: [Bükkhát Erdőrezervátum](#) Katalógusba vette:

Horváth

Ferenc

Katalógusbavétel időpontja: 2022-07-31